## Real Analysis

## Homework 6

## due October 15, 2008

- 1. (From Folland.) Suppose  $0 < p_0 < p_1 \leq \infty$ . Find examples of functions f on  $(0, \infty)$  endowed with the Lebesgue measure such that  $f \in L^p$  if and only if
  - (a)  $p_0$
  - (b)  $p_0 \le p \le p_1$
  - (c)  $p = p_0$

*Hint:* Consider functions of the form  $x^{-a} |\ln x|^b$ .

- 2. (From Folland.) If  $1 \le p < r \le \infty$ , show that  $L^p \cap L^r$  is a Banach space with norm  $||f|| = ||f||_p + ||f||_r$ , and if p < q < r, the inclusion map id:  $L^p \cap L^r \to L^q$  is continuous.
- 3. Write up the proof of the uniform boundedness principle (cf. Lieb and Loss, Theorem 2.12) for the case  $p = \infty$ .
- 4. Let  $f_k(x) = k^{\frac{1}{p}} g(kx)$  for some fixed  $g \in L^p(\mathbb{R})$  with  $1 . Show that <math>f_k$  converges weakly, but not strongly to zero in  $L^p(\mathbb{R})$ .