Derivatives Lab

Session 15

November 8, 2011

Let X = X(t) be an Itō process, i.e., a solution of the stochastic differential equation

$$dX = u(X, t) dt + v(X, t) dW,$$

interpreted in the sense of the Itō stochastic integral. Let f(X,t) be twice continuously differentiable. Then the stochastic chain rule, also known as the Itō formula, reads

$$\mathrm{d}f(X,t) = \left(\frac{\partial f(X,t)}{\partial t} + u(X,t)\frac{\partial f(X,t)}{\partial X} + \frac{1}{2}v(X,t)^2\frac{\partial^2 f(X,t)}{\partial X^2}\right)\mathrm{d}t + v(X,t)\frac{\partial f(X,t)}{\partial X}\,\mathrm{d}W\;.$$

Verify the Itō formula numerically for the example when X(t) is geometric Brownian motion and

$$f(X,t) = t\sqrt{X}$$
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