## Derivatives Lab

## Session 19

## November 22, 2011

1. Recall that the explicit form of the finite difference approximation to the Black–Scholes equation reads

$$\frac{V_n^m - V_n^{m-1}}{\Delta t} + \frac{\sigma^2}{2} \frac{V_{n-1}^m - 2 V_n^m + V_{n+1}^m}{\Delta X^2} + \left(r - \frac{\sigma^2}{2}\right) \frac{V_{n+1}^m - V_{n-1}^m}{2 \Delta X} - r V_n^m = 0.$$

Further, recall the definition  $S = \exp(X)$ .

Write a code which uses the explicit finite difference scheme to price a European call option. (What are the boundary conditions?)

- 2. Show that the explicit code becomes unstable unless the time step  $\Delta t$  is rather small.
- 3. Modify your code to use the implicit finite difference scheme

$$\frac{V_n^{m+1} - V_n^m}{\Delta t} + \frac{\sigma^2}{2} \frac{V_{n-1}^m - 2V_n^m + V_{n+1}^m}{\Delta X^2} + \left(r - \frac{\sigma^2}{2}\right) \frac{V_{n+1}^m - V_{n-1}^m}{2\Delta X} - rV_n^m = 0.$$

Show that it is stable even when the time step  $\Delta t$  is large.

4. Demonstrate the order of convergence of the implicit finite difference method with the same number of meshpoints in t and X variable.