## General Mathematics and ACM II

## Exercise 11

## March 23, 2011

1. Show that

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} \binom{n}{k} k x^{k} y^{n-k} = n x (x+y)^{n-1}$$

and

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} \binom{n}{k} k^2 x^k y^{n-k} = n x (x+y)^{n-1} + n (n-1) x^2 (x+y)^{n-2}.$$

Hint: Differentiate the binomial theorem.

2. Consider an ensemble of Kac rings with N sites where each site is colored black independently with probability  $\nu$ . Show that

$$\left< \Delta \right> = (2\nu - 1) N$$

and

$$\operatorname{Var}[\Delta] = 4 \,\nu \left(1 - \nu\right) N \,.$$

*Hint:* Use the result of the previous question.

*Remark:* This is in fact a direct consequence of a well known result on the variance of the binomial distribution which has a rather elegant proof in terms of *moment generating functions.* These are usually introduced in a first course on probability theory. You will likely encounter them this semester in Engineering and Science Mathematics 2A/B.