

Week 3: Functions and Limits

1. MULTI Single

Find all horizontal asymptotes of $y(x) = \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \cdot x^2 + \frac{1}{x-2}$. (Hint: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$.)

- (a) $\{y = 2\}$
- (b) $\{y = 0\}$
- (c) $\{y = 0, y = 2\}$
- (d) $\{\}$

2. MULTI Single

Which of the following is a horizontal asymptote of the function

$$y = \frac{4x}{\log(|x|^7) + 7x}$$

- (a) $y = 0$
- (b) $y = \frac{4}{7}$
- (c) The function has no horizontal asymptote
- (d) $y = \frac{4}{7^2}$

3. MULTI Single

Find all vertical asymptotes of $y(x) = \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \cdot x^2 + \frac{1}{x-2}$.

- (a) $\{x = 2\}$
- (b) $\{\}$
- (c) $\{x = 0\}$
- (d) $\{x = 0, x = 2\}$

4. MULTI Single

Find an oblique asymptote of $y(x) = \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \cdot x^2 + \frac{1}{x-2}$. The oblique asymptote $y = ax + b$ can be obtained (if exists) by finding coefficients from the asymptotic behaviour: $a = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{y(x)}{x}$, $b = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} y(x) - ax$. (Hint: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$.)

- (a) $\{y = x\}$
- (b) $\{y = x - 1/2\}$
- (c) $\{y = 2x + 1/2\}$
- (d) $\{y = 2x + 1\}$

5. MULTI Single

Find all horizontal asymptotes of $y(x) = \frac{(\ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + \ln(x)) \cdot (x^2 + x + 2x) + x + \ln(x)}{x}$

- (a) $\{y = 1\}$
- (b) $\{\}$

- (c) $\{y = 0\}$
 (d) $\{y = 2\}$

6. MULTI Single

Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{v \rightarrow 2} \frac{2 - v}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{v}}$$

- (a) -1
 (b) 2
 (c) 4
 (d) -4

7. MULTI Single

Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{2+y} - \sqrt{2-y}}{4y}$$

- (a) 1
 (b) $\sqrt{2}$
 (c) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
 (d) $\frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}}$

8. MULTI Single

Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\sqrt{x} \ln x + e^x x^3).$$

- (a) 0
 (b) $+\infty$
 (c) 1
 (d) $-\infty$

9. MULTI Single

Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x \tan x}.$$

(Hint: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$.)

- (a) 2
 (b) $1/2$
 (c) 1
 (d) 0

10. MULTI Single

Let

$$f(x) := \begin{cases} kx + 7 & \text{for } x \geq 2, \\ x^2 + 19 & \text{for } x < 2. \end{cases}$$

For what value of k is $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)$ defined?

- (a) 1
- (b) 8
- (c) 4
- (d) 2

Total of marks: 10